

Moayadabdallah2004@yahoo.com Nawalbna@yahoo.com

(2012 /4/30 2011/9 /26)

(Mild Steel)

()

أن

"

()

"

(-)

.

-

-

:

Fatigue Test of Coated Mild Steel with Nickel and Aluminum

Moyad A. Mohammad

Nawal E. Matti

*Department of Physics
Collage of Science
University of Mosul*

ABSTRACT

In this research, we try to study the fatigue resistance of coated mild steel 1020 AISI. The alloy was coated with Al in single process using pack cementation technique and Ni using electrodeposition technique. Both processes were also used for coating the same alloy (double layer coating). The fatigue resistance of these coating was compared with the base alloy and with those subjected to a heat treatment at the same conditions of time and temperature. The aim of this study was to understand the effect of the temperature and coating type on the fatigue life.

The results obtained, based on XRD, Fatigue test, optical microstructure and hardness measurement, that the temperature of heat treatment played the major rule of fatigue life reduction. This can be attributed to the phase transformation of α - ferrite steel to pearlite (ferrite + cementite).

The results also showed that the coating types have a very important effect on fatigue life. The coatings performed at high temperature (aluminizing) revealed a negative effect on the fatigue life. This is due to the formation of a new brittle and less ductility of Fe-Al phase on the alloy surface. The electrodeposition of Ni leads to a positive effect which is due to an improvement in surface conditions of the alloys via filling the voids or other defects which are present at the surface. The double layer coating (Ni-Al) applied to some specimens shows some improvement in fatigue resistance, in comparison with a single aluminized specimen. This was attributed to the formation of multiphase layer consisting of Fe-Al and Ni-Al intermetallic compound.

Keywords: Electrodeposited, pack cementation, aluminized mild steel, fatigue test, microstructure of steel.

(Mild Steel)
(corrosion) (wear)

.(Prince *et al.*, 2009)

.....

(Ramalho *et al.*, 2000)

(ENH320 Mild Steel)

(CK45)

(Saeid *et al.*, 2005)

7µm

Ni-Cu-P

550°C

Shot)

(Peened

(Tensile Strength)

.(Gupta, 2009) (carburizing)

(microstructure)

AISI 52100 AISI 1020

.(Machado, 2006)

.(Alawode *et al.*, 2008)

(Thermal Expansion rate)

.(Kwon *et al.*, 2004)

()

()

Yajiang *et al.*, 2002 ;)

Fe-Al

1000HV

.(Rajendran *et al.*, 2006

(Mild Steel)

(Venkatakrishna *et al.*, .2008)

Zn-Ni

pH

(Rahman *et al.*, 2009)

Zn-Ni

Loewenthal,) S- N

S-N

(1984

Experimental Part

(AISI 1020) (Mild Steel)

(Hi-TACHI)

1

2000, 1200, 600, 400, 320

(1020 AISI)

:1

Element	C	Mn	S	P	Fe
Wt%	0.18-0.23%	0.3-0.6%	0.05%	0.04%	Balance

(2.42)PH

2mA/cm²

45°C

25gm/l

NiSO₄: 180gm/l

)

(H₃BO₃ :30gm/l

NH₄C₁₂:

5% :

,25%:

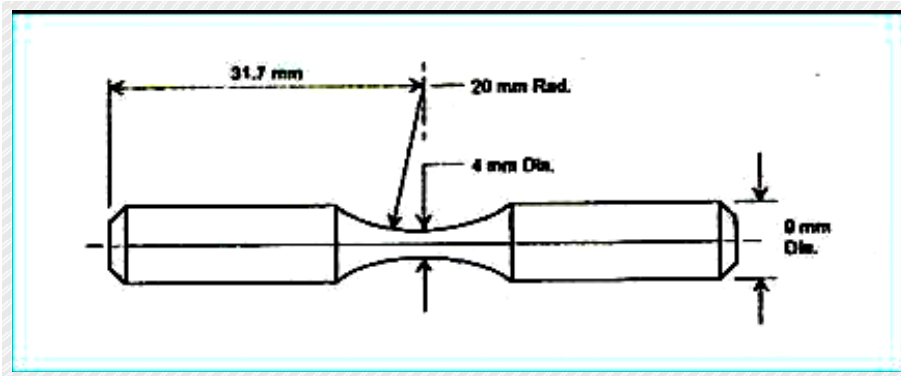
)

(

70% :Al₂O₃

900°C

(1)



(AISI 1020) (Mild Steel)

: 1

(HSM20)

.R= -1 (Rotating bending)

()

(Stress)

.Stress-Number of cycles (S-N)

(polishing)

(grinding)

(mounting)

0.6μ Al₂O₃

%95

5% (HNO₃) (nital)

.(2% HF, 2% HNO₃, 1% HCl, 1% H₂O₂)

(99%)

(900X)

(Vickers)

200gm

(0.036±0.004)

(XRD)

(X-Ray Diffractometer 6000)

30-70

.1.54°A

30mA

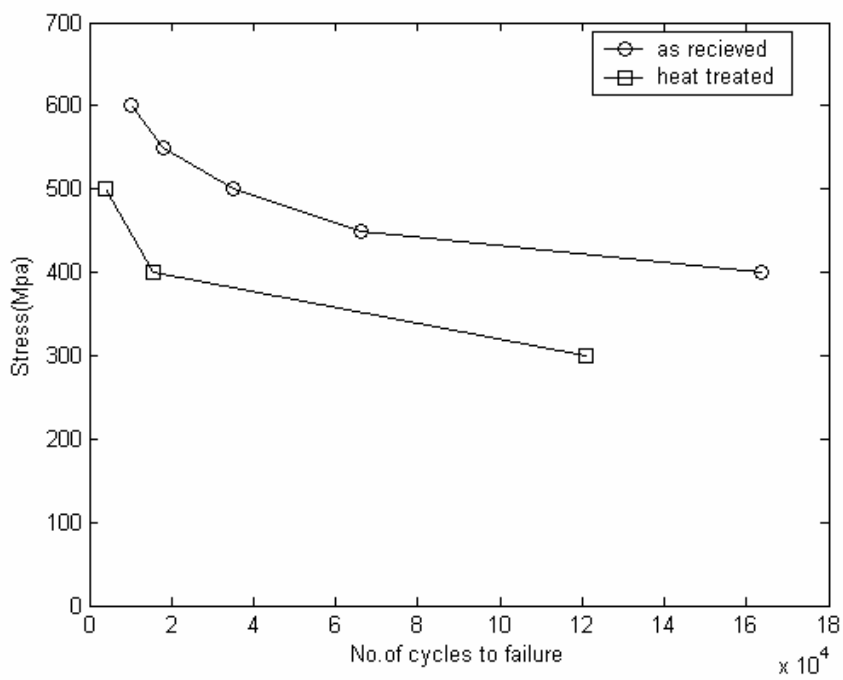
40Kv

. 5,0(deg/min)

(S-N) (2)

(181HV±5)

(228HV±3)



Mild steel AISI 1020 S-N :2

.900 °C

(α-ferrite)

(3)

(

) Fe₃C

Full)

.(Callister, 2003) -

(Austenitized)

(annealing

.(4)

()

.....

(coarse pearlite)

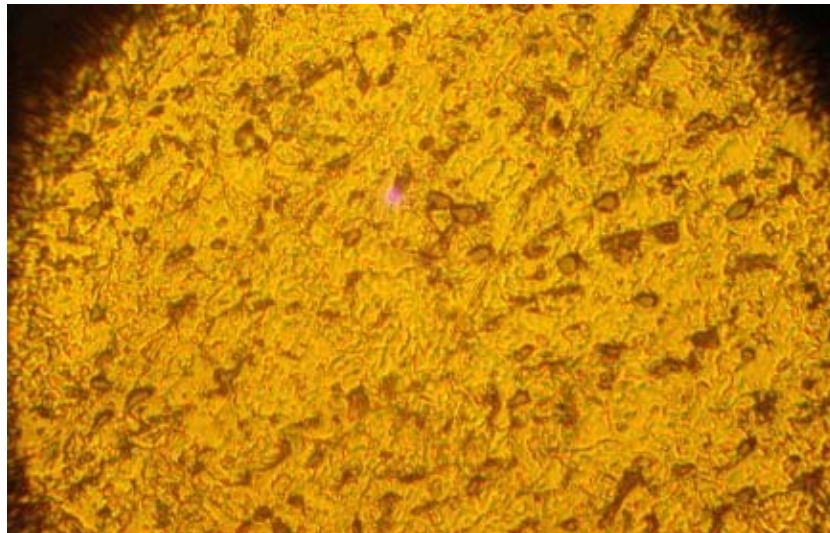
(Wolańska *et al.*, 2007)

(Decarburization)

(Pearlite)

() plastic deformation

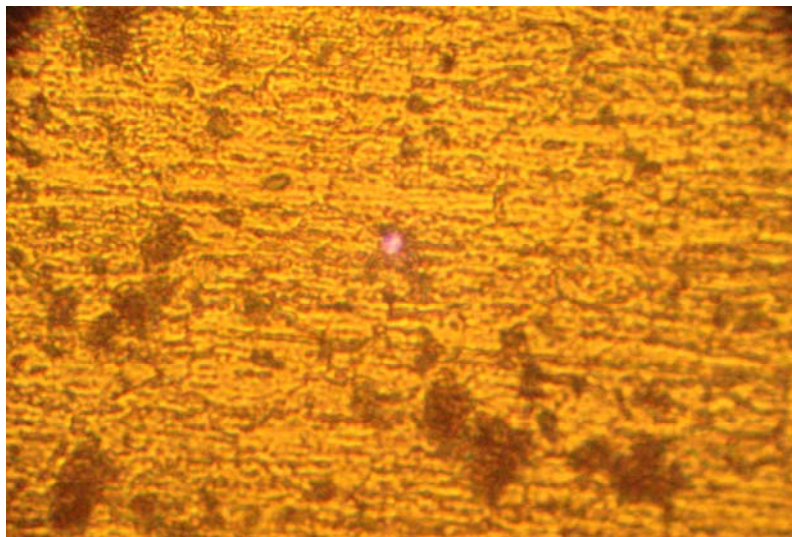
$\alpha + Fe_3C$



AISI 1020

:3

. 5% nital etch (900X)



900 °C

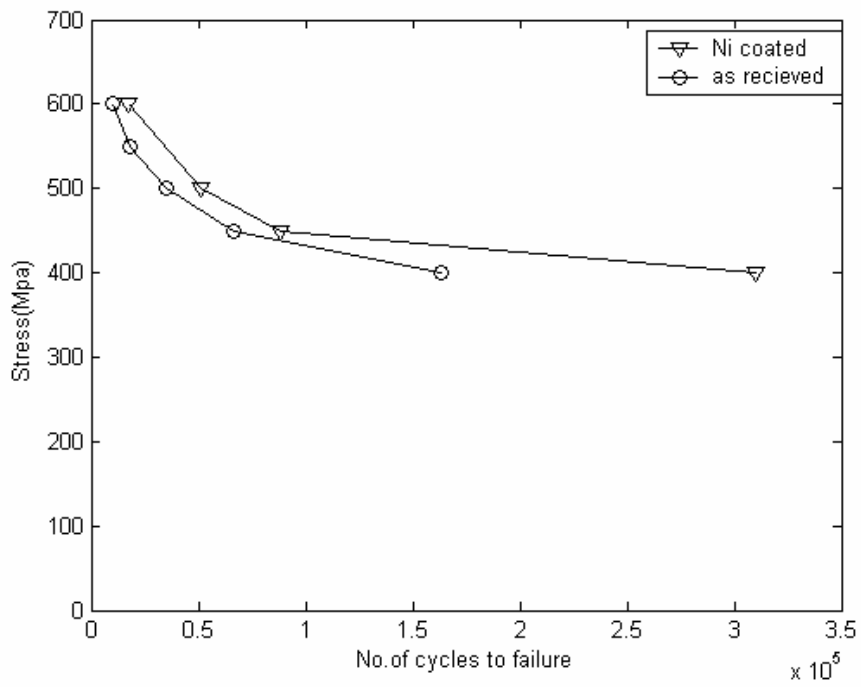
:4

. 5% nital etch(900X)

(5)

(S-N)

(238HV)



mild steel (AISI 1020)

S-N

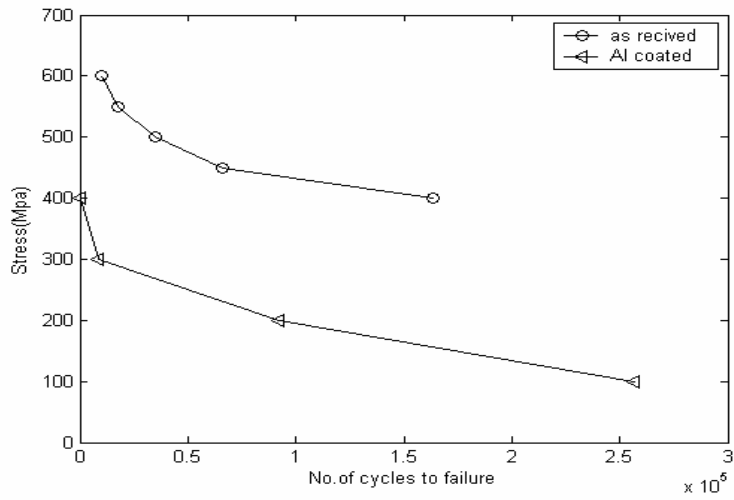
:5

(6)

(7)

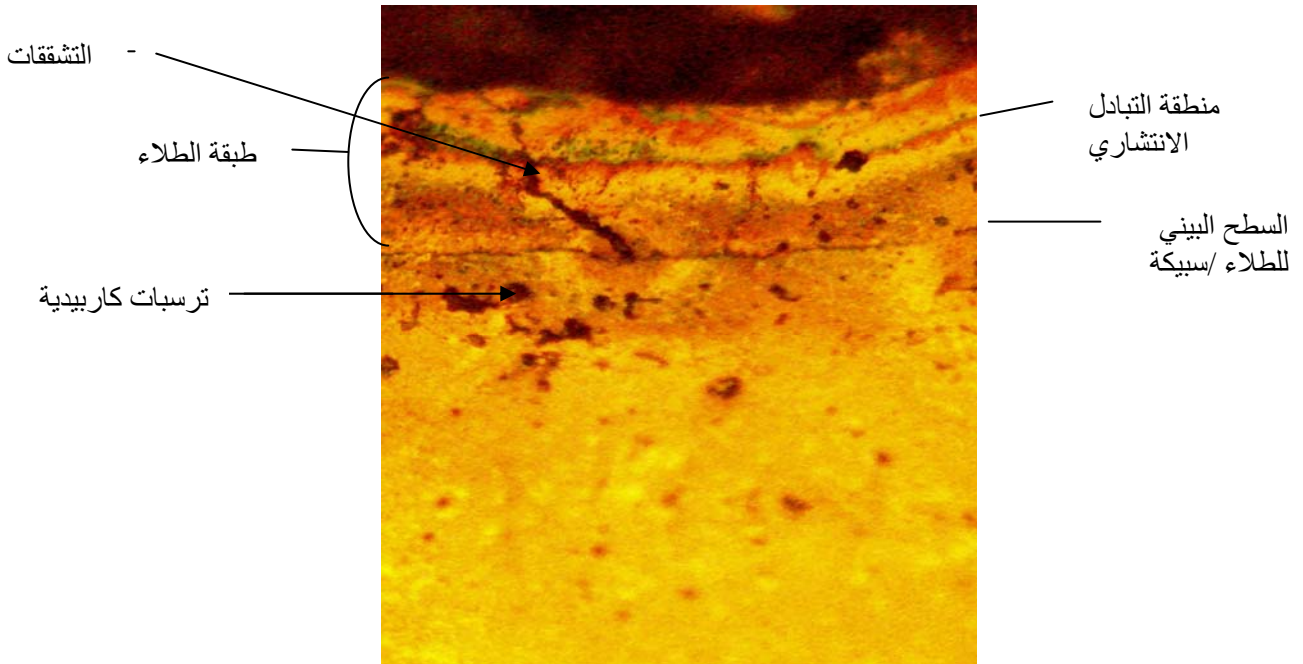
(118 μ m)

:



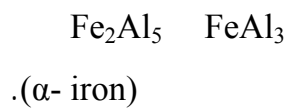
mild steel (AISI 1020) S-N :6

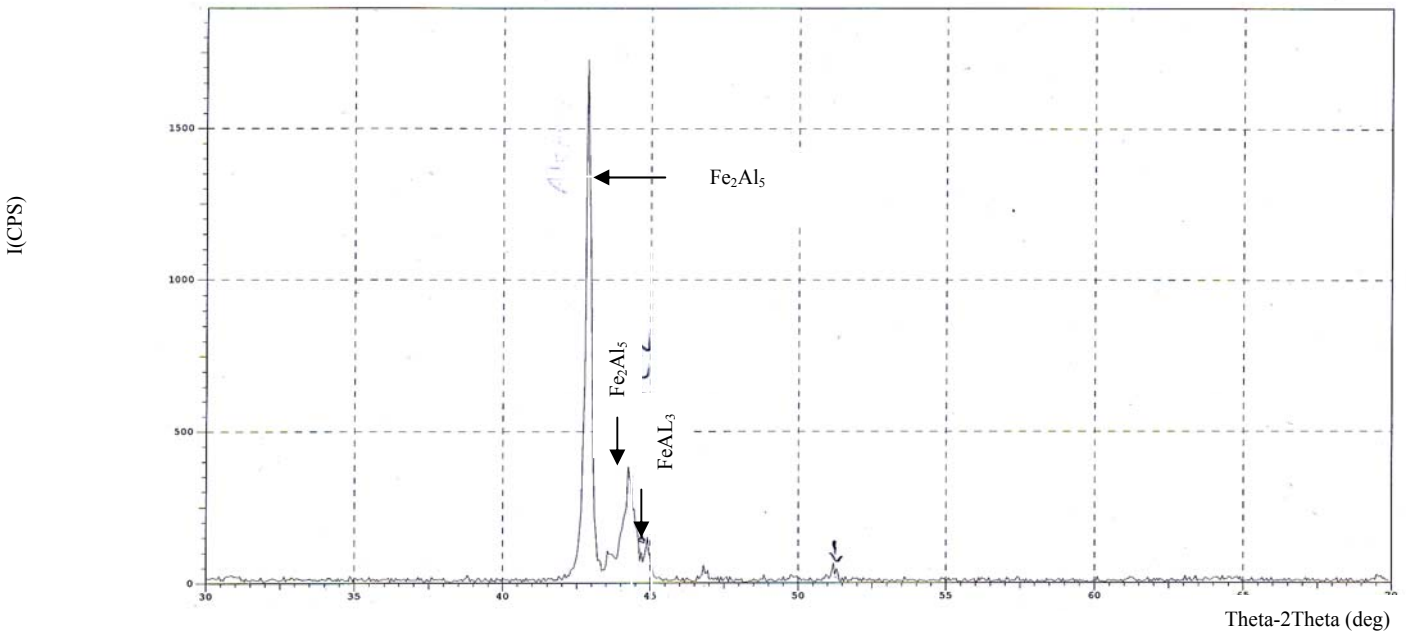
.900 °C



:7
.(900X)
(.2% HF,2%HNO₃,1%H₂O₂,1%HCl.etch.)

(8)





(XRD)

:8

(HV 274 ± 3.4)

:

(HV 228 ± 3)

(7)

:

:

(dislocation)

(plastic deformation)

(thermal stresses)

(/) (interface)

:

()

()

.....

S-N

()

(9)

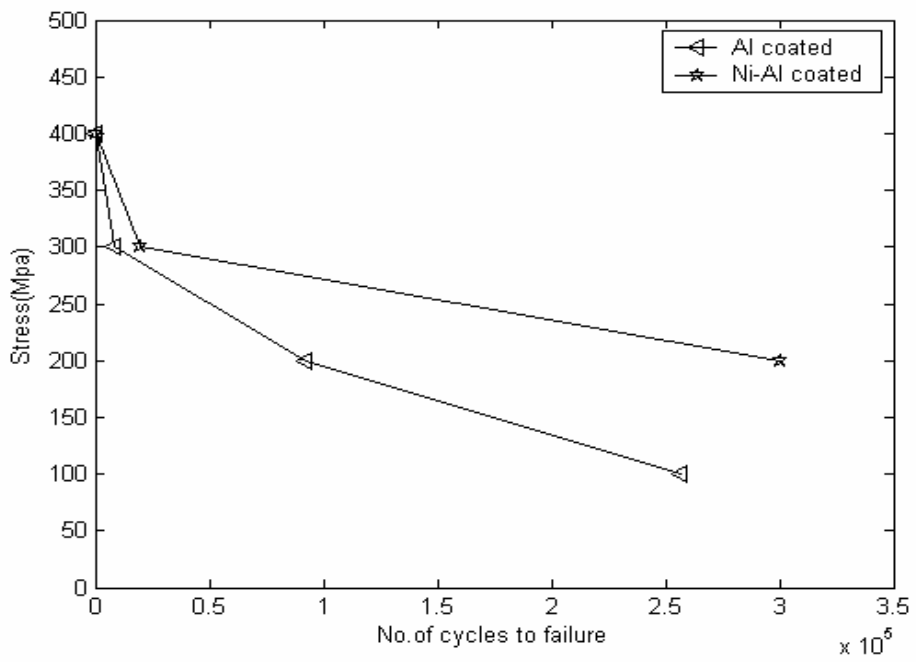
(10)

FeAl

Ni₅Al₃

Fe₂Al₅

(11)

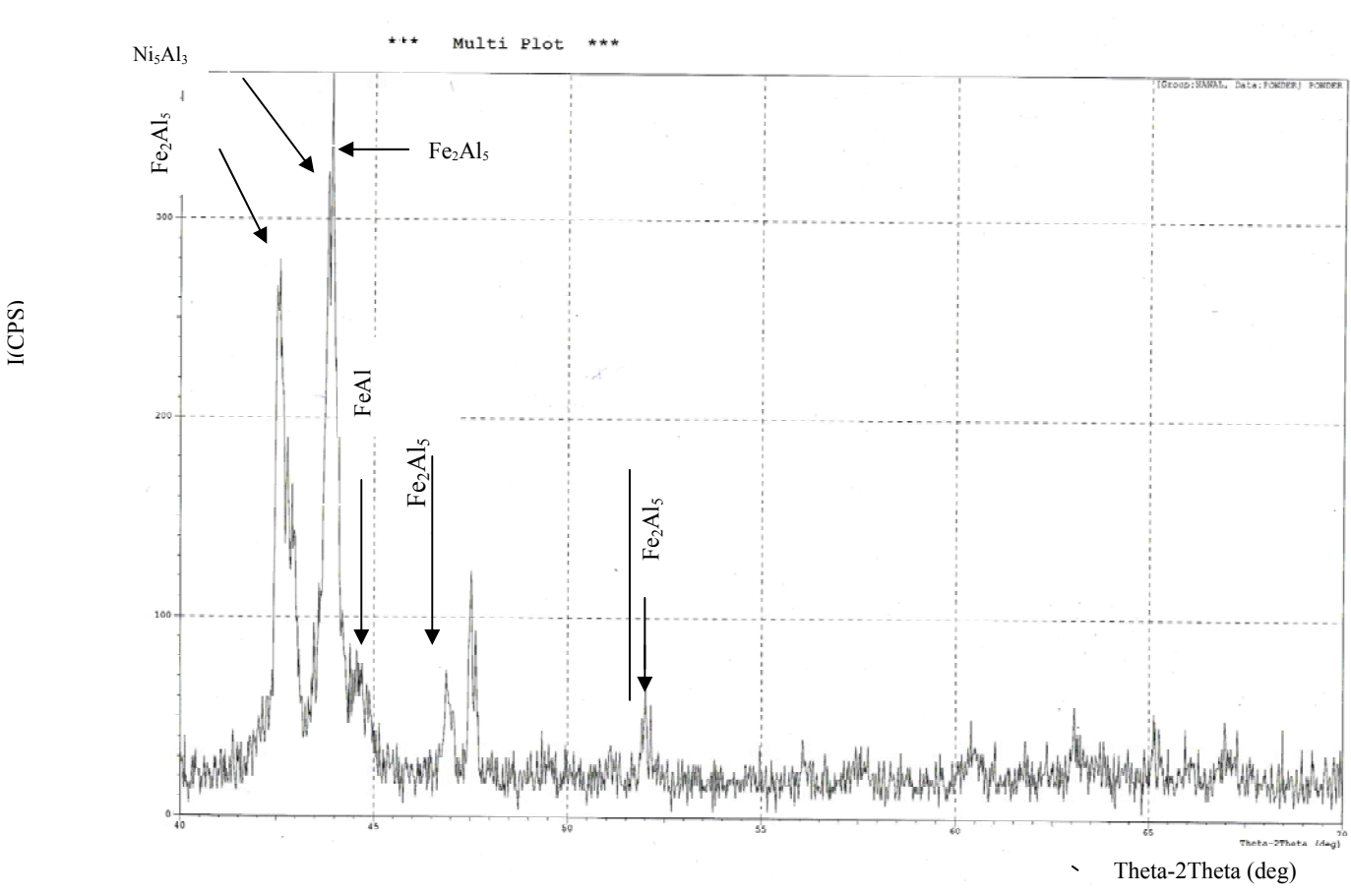


. 900°C

-

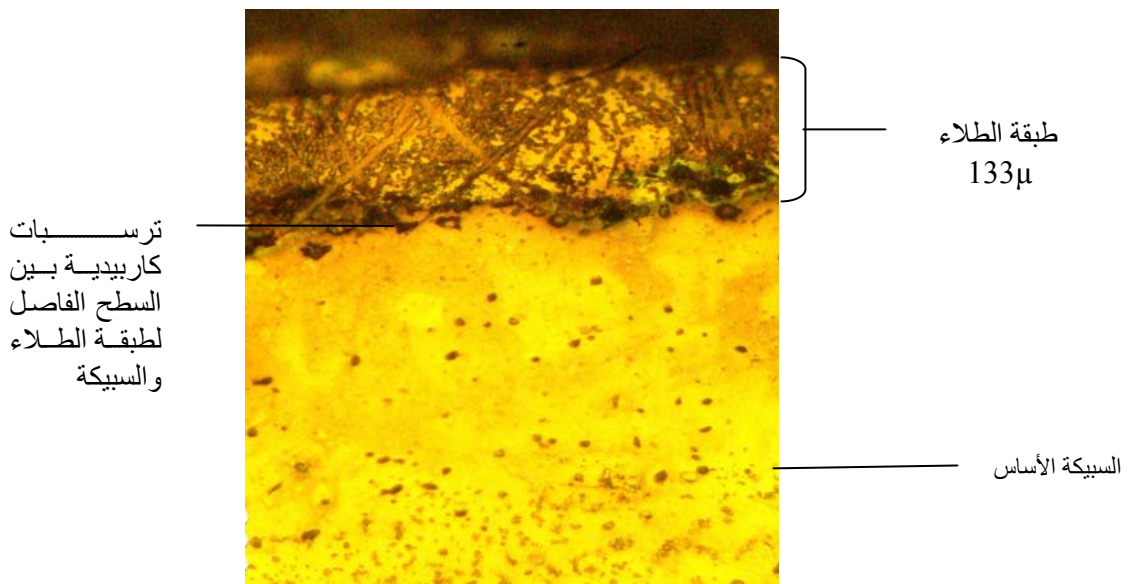
S-N

:9



(XRD)

:10

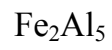


.(900X)

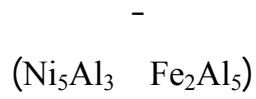
:11

(2% HF, 2% HNO₃, 1% H₂O₂, 1% HCl.etch).

.....



.FeAl



-1

.....

-2

-

-3

.

-

-4

-5

- Alawode, A. J.; Akomolede, M.O. ; Agbanigo, A. O. (2008). Effects of tempering temperatures and corrosion on the fatigue behaviours of AISI 410 stainless steel rods . *J. and Sci.* **3**(5), 390-395
- Callister, W. D. (2003). " Material Science and Engineering: An Introduction", John Wiley and Sons, Inc., New York, pp. 274-248.
- Gupta, J. (2009). Mechanical and wear properties of carburized mild steel samples. *N.I. Tech. Rourkela* . (207)ME 207,1.
- Kwon, S.W.; Kun-Su, S.; Jae-Hong Y.; Bong-Gyu, P.; Keesam, S.; Jin-sung A.; Hyun-Soo K. (2004). "Effect of Aluminizing- Chromate Multi-Diffusion Coating on Microstructures and High Temperature Oxidation Behavior of Incoloy Alloy 909 for Gas Turbine Engine Components". Changwon, *ISRS Chennai*, India. pp. 641-773
- Loewenthal, S. H. (1984). Factors that affect the fatigue strength of power transmission shafting and their impact on design . *NASA Tech. Memorandum* 83608 Ohio.
- Machado, I. F. (2006). Technological advanced in steel heat treatment. *J. Mat. Pro. Tech.* (172), 169-173
- Prince, M.; Gopalakrishnan, P.; Duraisevam, M.; More, S. D.; Naveen.; Natarajan, S. (2009). Study of dry sliding wear of plasma sprayed Mo-Ni/Cr-Ti-6AL-4V tribo pair . *E. J. S. R* .ISSN **37**(1),pp.41-48
- Rahman, M. J.; Sen, S. R.; Moniruzzaman, M.; Shorowordi, K.M. (2009). Morphology and properties of electrodeposited Zn-Ni alloy coating on mild steel. *J. Mech. Eng.* **40** (1).
- Rajendran, R.; Venkataswamy, S.; Jaikrishna, U.; Gowrishankar; N.; Rajadurai, A. F. (2006). "SC13. Effect of Process Parameters in Hot Dip Aluminizing of Medium Carbon Steel ". Chennai 600 044, India. pp. 3-7
- Ramalho, A.; Correia, L.M.; Costa, J.D. (2000). Fretting fatigue of zinc coated low carbon steel EN H320 M . *Tribology International* . **33**, 761-768
- Saeid, T.; Yazdani, S.; N. Parvini A. (2005). Shot peening as an alternative to fatigue life improvement of CK45 Steel coated with an electroless Ni- Cu-P International. *J. ISSI*, . **2** (1), 1-6.
- Venkatakrishna, K.; Tangaraj, V.; Chitharanjan, A. H. (2008). Effect of bath composition and operating parameters on deposit character and corrosion behaviour of Zn-Ni alloy. *J. Chem. Tech* .**15** , 252-258.
- Wolańska, N.; Lis, A. K.; Lis, J. (2007). Microstructure investigation of low carbon steel after hot deformation. *J. Ach. Mat. Man. Eng.* **20** ISSUES
- Yajiang, L.; Wang J.; Zhang Y.; Holly, X. (2002). Fine structures in Fe₃Al alloy layer of a new hot dip aluminized steel. *Bull. Mater. Sci.*, **25**(7), 635–639.